

SEM MONEY PLUS FUND PLC

2025

Annual Report

The Manager

Name: **SEM Capital Advisors Limited**

Country of Incorporated: Ghana

Registration Number: PL000150423

Nature of Corporation Form: Limited Liability

Registered Office: SEM Capital Advisors Limited
Suite A205, The Octagon, Accra Central
P O Box CT 2069, Accra

Date of incorporated: 7th October, 1996

(As at December 31, 2025) Ordinary shares of no par value

Shares Issued: 22, 127

Auditors: MGI O.A.K
Chartered Accountants
18 Ghana Airways Avenue
Accra - Ghana
P. O. Box AN 5712,
Accra - Ghana

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Collins Appiah
Augustina Appeah Gyimah
Anastacia Catherine Arko
(Resigned: (15th April, 2025)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite A205, The Octagon,
Accra Central
Accra-Ghana

FUND MANAGER

SEM Capital Advisors Limited
Suite A205, The Octagon,
Accra Central
P. O. Box CT 2069
Accra

THE CUSTODIAN:

Ecobank Ghana Limited
19 Seventh Avenue Ridge West
P.M.B GPO Accra-Ghana

BANKERS:

Ecobank Ghana Limited
Zenith Bank Ghana Limited
Consolidated Bank Ghana Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:

John Kay and Co
7th Floor, Trust Towers
Farrar Avenue
P. O. Box KIA 16088
Airport - Accra
Email:info@johnkay.net

Secretary:

Nathan Tete Tei
T2 Manet Villa Estate
East Airport, Accra
P.O. Box CT 1282
Cantonment, Accra

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE MEMBERS OF SEM MONEY PLUS FUND PLC

In accordance with section 136 of the Companies Act, 2019 (Act 992), the directors have the pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the fund for the year ended 31 December 2025.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of movement in net assets, and the statement of changes in equity for the period then ended, statement of cash flows for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and in the manner required by the Securities Industry Act, 2016 (Act 929), the Companies Act, 2019 (Act 992) of Ghana and the Unit Trust and Mutual Funds Regulations, 2001 (L.I 1695).

The directors' responsibilities include designing, implementing, and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The directors have made an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the business will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND DIVIDEND

The results for the year are set out in the financial statements from pages 20-27. The Fund does not distribute dividend. All

income earned are reinvested. The Fund aims to achieve capital growth and as such income is reinvested to take advantage of the effects of compounding.

i. Investment distribution:

Total investment as at 31 December is made up as follows:

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Government Securities	6,678,879	6,872,834
Fixed Deposits	1,435,152	-
Collective Investments Scheme	1,052,738	915,072
Cash and Call	2,596,019	121,323
Total Investments	11,762,787	7,909,229

ii. Below are the asset allocation percentages as at the year ended:

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Government Securities	57	91
Fixed Deposits	12	-
Collective Investments Scheme	9	6
Cash	22	3
Total Investments	100	100

NATURE OF BUSINESS

SEM Money Plus Fund Plc is a company registered and domiciled in Ghana. It is licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Ghana to operate as an authorized mutual fund.

SEM Money Plus Fund Plc (“The Fund”) is an open-end mutual fund designed to earn a high rate of interest income and at the same time to preserve capital and maintain liquidity by investing primarily in money market instruments, generally maturing in not more than 365 days.

INTEREST REGISTER

During the year under review, no director had any interest in contracts and proposed contracts with the company, hence there were no entries recorded in the Interests Register as required by sections 194 (6), 195 (1)(a), and 196 of the Companies Act 2019, (Act 992).

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

In accordance with Section 140 of the Companies Act, 2019 (Act 992), Messrs John Kay & Co. agreed with the directors to charge a fee of GH¢ 19,500 exclusive of GEFL, NHIL, COVID Levy, and VAT.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The company did not contribute to corporate social responsibility during the year under review.

BUILDING THE CAPACITY OF DIRECTORS

The directors did not engage in any training on corporate governance.

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the company as indicated above were approved by the board of directors on 28th April, 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Name Cilline Appiah

Name Augustina Ayimah

Position Director

Position Director

Signature [Signature]

Signature: [Signature]

FUND MANAGER'S REPORT FOR THE FULL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

INTRODUCTION

SEM Money Plus Fund is an open-ended collective investment scheme with the goal of earning a high rate of interest income and at the same time preserving the capital and maintaining liquidity by investing primarily in money market instruments generally maturing in not more than 365 days.

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

In FY 2025, Ghana's macroeconomic environment reflected a transition from stabilization to growth, underpinned by continued fiscal consolidation and structural reforms implemented under the IMF-supported programme. The government maintained prudent expenditure management throughout the year, while the Bank of Ghana sustained a tight monetary policy stance to preserve macroeconomic stability. Economic activity improved gradually, supported by growth in the agriculture and services sectors, although challenges persisted within the industrial sector due to energy supply constraints and elevated production costs. Business and consumer confidence strengthened over the course of the year, aided by improved policy clarity, macroeconomic stabilization, and reform measures announced in the 2026 Budget titled "Resetting for Growth, Jobs, and Economic Transformation", which outlined strategies to accelerate job creation, ease the cost of doing business, and safeguard social progress.

Headline inflation declined significantly during FY 2025, falling from 23.50% in January 2025 to 5.40% in December 2025. Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages inflation declined markedly over the year, while Non-Food inflation also moderated considerably, reflecting easing price pressures across major consumption categories. The disinflationary trend was supported by a relatively

stable exchange rate during most of the year, tight monetary conditions, and declining global and domestic cost pressures.

Interest rates on Ghana's Treasury Bills recorded a sustained downward trend over FY 2025, reflecting improving macroeconomic conditions and easing inflation expectations. The 91-, 182, and 364-Day Treasury Bills declined from 28.19%, 28.92% and 30.15% respectively, at the beginning of the year to 11.09%, 12.52%, and 12.94% respectively at the close of year.

Throughout the year, the government did not issue long-term notes or bonds on the domestic market. The Bank of Ghana, however, maintained the issuance of the 273-day Bank of Ghana Bill as a liquidity management tool aimed at mopping up excess liquidity and reinforcing inflation control.

On the interbank foreign exchange market, the Ghana cedi recorded significant volatility over the course of FY 2025. The currency appreciated strongly during the first half of the year, supported by policy tightening, enhanced foreign exchange reserves, and improved market confidence. In the second half of the year, the cedi experienced marginal depreciation against the US Dollar, British Pound, and Euro, although pressures were relatively contained. Overall, exchange rate developments during FY 2025 were supported by improved export-led foreign exchange inflows, particularly from gold and cocoa, enhanced gold reserve management, sustained IMF programme support, and continued macroeconomic stabilization, which helped moderate demand pressures in the foreign exchange market.

FUND PERFORMANCE

As of 31st December 2025, the fund had a total asset value of GHS 11,762,787 up from GHS 8,121,693.44 at the end of December 2024. Net Asset Value as of 31st December 2025 was GHS 11,609,339. The assets were made up of 86.83% in Fixed Income securities, 8.95% in Collective Investment Schemes and 4.22% in cash. The fund recorded a total investment income of GHS 655,281

of GHS 153,448 giving a net investment income of GHS 501,834. The annual return for 2025 was 16.09%.

OPERATING STATISTICS

As at the end of December 2025, the fund had a total of 1,072 shareholders. The shareholders were made up of 4.57%(49) institutional and 95.43%(1,023) retail. By value, the shareholders were made up of 46.31%(GHS 5,447,521.39) institutional and 53.69% (GHS 6,315,265.61) retail at the end of December 2025.

In terms of portfolio mix, 30.05% of the portfolio was invested in Bank Fixed Deposits, 56.78% in Government of Ghana Treasury Bills, 8.95% in Collective Investment Schemes and 4.22% was held in cash at the end of December 2025.

OUTLOOK FOR FIRST HALF 2026

The overall economic outlook for H2 2025 remains broadly positive, underpinned by continued expansion in the services and agricultural sectors, alongside a gradual recovery in investment activity. In addition, the early settlement of the US\$709 million Eurobond obligation in December 2025 is expected to reinforce investor confidence, ease external debt servicing pressures, support exchange rate stability, and reduce sovereign risk. Collectively, these developments are expected to bolster economic growth, strengthen fiscal stability, lower the cost of doing business, and attract investment, thereby supporting Ghana's broader economic recovery.

Real GDP growth is projected to remain broadly stable at approximately 4.90% year-on-year by the close of H1 2026 compared with 5.50% as at the close of FY 2025. This moderation in growth reflects delays in the rollout and operationalization of key economic initiatives, including the proposed 24-hour economy policy, which is expected to provide additional stimulus to economic activity.

In the foreign exchange market, the Ghanaian cedi is expected to remain broadly stable during the period. While the recent reductions in the monetary policy rate could exert marginal short term pressure on the currency, this is expected to be offset by improved external balances, anticipated IMF programme inflows and sustained export receipts. Additionally, the approval of the fifth review under the IMF Extended Credit Facility (ECF) program is expected to release US\$385 million, providing additional support to foreign exchange reserves.

In the money market, treasury bill rates are expected to remain relatively stable through the first half of 2026, reflecting the cumulative impact of monetary easing in 2025 and lower inflation expectations. Lower borrowing costs are expected to ease government financing pressures, and support credit growth in the real sector.

Despite the generally positive domestic outlook, external risks to the commodities market remain elevated. Heightened geopolitical tensions, particularly the United States' attack on Venezuela, which holds nearly one-fifth of global oil reserves, alongside threats to assert control over Greenland pose risks of increased oil price volatility, weakened global investor confidence, and increase global risk pricing. For Ghana, these developments could translate into fluctuations in commodity prices and tighter external financing conditions.

Notwithstanding these risks, the announcement by GoldBod to commence local gold refining is expected to support the commodities outlook in H1 2026. This initiative is anticipated to enhance export value addition, strengthen foreign exchange inflows, and reinforce currency and broader macroeconomic stability, although initial scale-up, execution, and capacity-related challenges may constrain the magnitude and timing of near-term benefits.

As the fund manager, we will continue to monitor the investment markets closely to take full advantage of the investment opportunities that will enable us to maximize the returns of the fund.

Thank you.

(FUND MANAGER)



John Kay & Co.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEM MONEY PLUS FUND PLC

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SEM Money Plus Fund Plc, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of movement in net assets, and the statement of changes in equity for the period then ended, statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements, as set out in pages 20-27.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of SEM Money Plus Fund Plc as at 31 December 2025, and of its financial performance and its movement in net assets for the period then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the manner required by the Securities Industry Act, 2016 (Act 929), the Companies Act 2019, (Act 992) and Unit Trust and Mutual Funds Regulations, 2001 (L.I 1695).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Mutual Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our

opinion.

Key Audit Matters

In accordance with ISAs, this part of our report is intended to describe the matters communicated with those charged with governance that we have determined, in our professional judgment, were most significant in the audit of the financial statements. We have determined the following as key audit matters.

1. Existence and Valuation of Investment Assets

The investment asset of the Fund yields returns and income passively based on the rates of interest/return and the tenor related to each investment type. The investment asset has a wide span and is well diversified into asset classes such as Treasury Bills, Bonds, and Certificate of Deposits

In many respects, the custody of these investments is by third-party entities specifically authorized or nominated for such holding purposes. Investments traded on active markets are marked to those markets at the reporting dates and those that are not recorded at amortized cost.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- We obtained a list of the investments showing among other things the institutions/entities in which placements or investments were made, and agreed on the total to the company's accounting records.
- Requested and obtained third-party confirmation from custodial entities and directly from the investee institution where applicable.
- We examined the additions and redemption of investments made within the year.
- We sampled and tested the valuation of investments. In connection with this, we did further work as follows:

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- We obtained a list of the investments showing among other things the institutions/entities in which placements or investments were made, and agreed on the total to the company's accounting records.
- Requested and obtained third-party confirmation from custodial entities and directly from the investee institution where applicable.
- We examined the additions and redemption of investments made within the year.
- We sampled and tested the valuation of investments. In connection with this, we did further work as follows:
 - o We reviewed the investment certificates issued on either side of the reporting date and assessed whether the revenue due on the investment portfolio was recognized in the correct period and duly accrued.
 - o We reviewed the computation of the Net Asset Value to confirm the daily price per share declared by the company on daily basis.
 - o We also reviewed whether the quarterly valuation of the investment portfolio by the company as the basis for determining management fees was reasonably made and accurate.
 - o We developed an expectation of the portfolio balance based on trend analysis, taking into account historical interest rate movements and other market indices or information. We then compared the expectation to actual results and ascertained reasons for variances.

2. Income Recognition

Income is recognized and recorded in the Financial Statements on an accrual basis, and to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the related revenue

can be reliably measured. The income of the Fund is largely derived from the interest that is earned on the investment for a particular period.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Investment income is earned based on the period of investment and the agreed rate of interest.

Our audit procedure included the following:

- We recomputed the interest income based on the agreed rates and valuation arrived at the end of each investment period.
- We also considered the adequacy of the Company's disclosures in respect of revenue.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the manner required by the Securities Industry Act, 2016 (Act 929), the Companies Act 2019, (Act 992) and Unit Trust and Mutual Funds Regulations, 2001 (L.I 1695) and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Mutual Fund's financial reporting process.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Mutual Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies

used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Mutual Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit..

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our

responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Compliance with the requirements of Section 137 of the Companies Act, 2019 (Act 992) of Ghana.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit. In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Fund as far as it appears from our examination of those books.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this Independent Auditor's Report is Gilbert Adjete Lomofio (P/No-ICAG/P/1417)

John Kay & Co

For and on behalf of John Kay & Co. (ICAG/F/2024/128)

Chartered Accountants

Accra

28/4/.....2026



STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

ASSETS	2025		2024	
	MARKET VALUE GH¢	PERCENT OF NET ASSETS %	MARKET VALUE GH¢	PERCENT OF NET ASSETS %
Government Notes and Bonds	6,678,878	57	6,872,834	86
Fixed Deposits	1,127,261	10	-	-
Collective Investments Scheme	1,052,738	9	915,072	11
Cash & Bank	2,596,019	22	121,323	2
Receivables	307,890	3	213,804	2
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>11,762,786</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>8,123,033</u>	<u>101</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(99,468)	(1)	(97,705)	(1)
NET ASSETS	<u>11,663,318</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>8,025,328</u>	<u>100</u>

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	496,019	121,323
Investments at FVTOCI	11	7,731,616	7,787,906
Financial assets at Amortised cost	11	1,127,261	-
Other receivables	12	2,407,890	213,804
Total Assets		11,762,786	8,123,033
Liabilities			
Account payable	14	99,468	97,705
Total Liabilities		99,468	97,705
Net Assets		11,660,347	8,025,328
Represented By:			
Members' fund	13	11,663,318	8,025,328
Total Members' fund		11,663,318	8,025,328

The notes on pages 28-38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Financial Statements on pages 9 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28th April, 2026 and were signed on their behalf by:

Name Collins Appiah

Name Augustina Gyimah

Position Director

Position Director

Signature [Signature]

Signature [Signature]

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Investment Income			
Interest income	7	26,277	39,215
Investments Income	8	1,315,674	449,069
Total Investment Income		1,341,951	488,284
Expenses			
Management fees		(92,223)	(75,144)
Custody fees		(23,567)	(18,894)
Audit fees		(21,829)	(22,128)
Other expenses	9	(75,864)	(72,271)
Total Expenses		(213,483)	(188,437)
Net Investment Income		1,128,468	299,847
Other Comprehensive Income			
Changes in Fair Value	11	257,183	328,612
Total Other Comprehensive Income		257,183	328,612
Total Comprehensive Income		1,385,651	628,459

The notes on pages 28 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Capital Transactions GHC	Investment Income GHC	Valuation Reserve GHC	Total GHC
2025				
At 1 January	3,636,309	5,027,096	(638,077)	8,025,328
Net Investment Income	-	1,128,468	-	1,128,468
Reclassification Adjustment	-	-	(109,024)	(109,024)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	257,183	257,183
Share Issue	4,116,267	-	-	4,116,267
Share Redemption	(1,754,904)	-	-	(1,754,904)
At 31 December	<u>5,997,672</u>	<u>6,155,564</u>	<u>(489,918)</u>	<u>11,663,318</u>

	Capital Transactions GHC	Investment Income GHC	Valuation Reserve GHC	Total GHC
2024				
At 1 January	3,379,216	4,727,249	(1,603,099)	6,503,366
Net Investment Income	-	299,847	-	299,847
Reclassification Adjustment	-	-	636,410	636,410
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	328,612	328,612
Share Issue	4,078,873	-	-	4,078,873
Share Redemption	(3,821,780)	-	-	(3,821,780)
At 31 December	<u>3,636,309</u>	<u>5,027,096</u>	<u>(638,077)</u>	<u>8,025,328</u>

The notes on pages 28 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Changes in net assets from operations		
Net Investment Income	1,128,468	299,847
Changes in Fair Value	257,183	328,612
Reclassification Adjustment	(109,024)	636,410
Net change in net assets from operations	1,276,627	1,264,869
Change in net assets from capital transactions		
Proceeds from Issue of Shares	4,116,267	4,078,873
Share Redemption	(1,754,904)	(3,821,780)
Net change in net assets from capital transactions	2,361,363	257,093
Net change in net assets	3,637,990	1,521,962
At 1 January	8,025,328	6,503,366
Net additions to net assets	3,637,990	1,521,962
At 31st December	11,663,318	8,025,328

The notes on pages 28 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements

CAPITAL ACCOUNT

	2025 Share	2025 GH¢	2024 Share	2024 GH¢
Balance at 1st January	7,930,816	3,636,309	5,280,525	3,379,216
Value of Shares Sold and Converted	5,799,411	4,116,267	7,363,050	4,078,873
	13,730,227	7,752,576	12,643,575	7,458,089
Value of Shares Disinvested	(1,760,751)	(1,754,904)	(4,712,758)	(3,821,780)
Value at 31 December	11,969,476	5,997,672	7,930,816	3,636,309

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	2025 GHC	2024 GHC
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net investment income	1,385,651	628,459
Adjustment for:		
Investment income (non-cash)	(27,282)	(96,399)
Change in fair value	(257,183)	(394,397)
Reclassification Adjustment	(109,024)	636,410
	992,162	774,073
Changes in:		
Accounts receivable	(94,086)	(210,135)
Account Payables	1,763	35,629
Net cash flows from operating activities	899,839	599,567
Cash flows from investing activities		
(Purchases) / Sales from financial Asset	(786,507)	(945,525)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(786,507)	(945,525)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Issue of units	4,116,267	4,078,873
Amount paid on redemption of units	(1,754,904)	(3,821,780)
Net cash flows from financing activities	2,361,363	257,093
Net increase (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	2,474,696	(88,865)
Analysis of changes in cash and cash Equivalents for the period		
At 1 January	121,323	210,188
Net additions to net assets	2,474,696	(88,865)
At 31 December	2,596,019	121,323

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

1. Reporting Entity

Sem Money Plus Fund Plc (The Fund) is a mutual fund investment company registered and operating in the Republic of Ghana. The address and registered office can be found on page 2 of the financial report. The objective of the scheme is to earn a high rate of interest income and at the same time to preserve capital and maintain liquidity by investing primarily in money market instruments, generally maturing in not more than 365 days.

2. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Unit Trust and Mutual Funds Regulations, 2001 (L.I.1675) and comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

3. Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Ghanaian cedi, which is the Fund's functional currency. All amounts have been stated in full.

4. Use of Judgements and Estimates

In preparing these financial statements, the Fund's management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

5. Accounting Policies

The following principal accounting policies have been consistently applied during the period in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements

i. Investment Income Recognition

a) Interest Income

Interest income, including interest income from non-derivative financial assets at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are recognized in profit or loss, using effective interest method. The effective interest is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts, without consideration of future credit losses, over the expected life of the financial instrument or through to the next market-based re-pricing date to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument on initial recognition. Interest received or receivable and interest paid or payable are recognized in the profit or loss as interest income or interest expense, respectively.

b) Pooled Investment Income

Income arising from the underlying investment of the pooled investment vehicles that is reinvested within the pooled investment vehicles is reflected in the unit price. Such income is reported within the change in market value.

ii. Financial Instruments

i. Financial Assets

The fund classifies its investments into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and assets at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. The Fund determines the classification of the investments at the initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

ii. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception. A financial asset is classified into this category at inception and is acquired principally for the purpose of selling

in the short term, if it forms part of a portfolio of financial assets in which there is evidence of short-term profit-taking or if so designated by Fund.

iii. Investment Held at Amortized Cost

Investments held at amortised cost are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In determining the classification of financial assets to the above class, two test criteria are applied;

Business Model Test:

The objective of the entity's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).

Cash Flow Characteristics Test:

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. The Fund have assessed the business model and cash flow characteristics of its fixed income investments and elected to classify all fixed income instruments at fair value through profit or loss

iv. Initial Recognition of Financial Asset

Purchase and sales of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and liabilities are recognized on the date the Fund commit to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

v. Subsequent Measurement of Financial Asset

Financial Assets classified as fair value through profit or loss

are subsequently measured at fair value with the resulting changes recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

vi. De-Recognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the financial assets has expired or where the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any interest in the transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Fund is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

vii. Amortized Cost Measurement

The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayment, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognized and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

viii. Identification and Measurement of Impairment

A financial asset or a group of financial assets are impaired using the “expected credit loss” model, where the Fund calculate the allowance for credit losses by considering on a discounted basis the cash shortfalls it would incur in various default scenarios for prescribed future periods and multiplying the shortfalls by the probability of each scenario occurring. The allowance is the sum of these probability weighted outcomes. The Expected Credit Loss Model (ECL) is used in the recognition of impairment losses. The ECL means that on the day an entity recognizes (enters into an investment contract) a

financial asset, it has to provide from day 1 credit losses up to 12 months expected credit loss even if the financial assets are not credit impaired. When the issuer's credit risk worsens due to some observed conditions, then a lifetime ECL must be booked.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debt issuer and other observable data that suggests adverse changes in the payment status of the debt issuer.

The Fund first assess whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Fund determine that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized, are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively valued for impairment are estimated on the basis of the historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the Fund. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based, and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was

recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

iii. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits with banks and highly liquid financial assets with maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their value and are used by the Trust in the management of short-term commitment, other than cash collateral provided in respect of derivatives and security borrowing transactions.

iv. Redemption Payable

Redemption payables are included in the financial statements on an accrual basis where members become entitled to such benefits.

6. Transactions with Related Parties and Key Contractors

a) Fund Manager

The Fund's investment activities are managed by SEM Capital Advisors LTD. The fund manager receives a fee based on the Net Asset Value of 1% per annum accrued daily and paid quarterly. Total management fee charged during the period amounted to GH¢ 75,144. There was a payable amount of GH¢ 21,704 at the end of the year.

b) Custodian

The Custodian of the Fund is Ecobank Ghana Plc. The Custodian receives a fee based on the Net Asset Value of 0.25% per annum accrued daily and paid quarterly. The total custodian fee charged during the period amounted to GH¢ 18,894. There was a payable amount of GH¢ 5,064 at the end of the year.

7. Interest Income

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Call Interest	26,277	39,215
	26,277	39,215

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
8. Investment Income		
Government Bonds and Notes	1,212,870	381,879
Fixed Deposit	102,804	67,190
	1,315,674	449,069

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
9. Other Expenses		
Directors Fees	45,000	45,000
Bank Charges	7,727	5,499
AGM expenses	3,308	3,308
Advertising & Promotion	4,339	5,331
Secretary Fees	6,000	6,000
Licenses & Permit	690	690
VAT on audit fees	4,000	1,643
Professional Development	4,800	4,800
	75,864	72,271

	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
10. Cash and cash equivalents		
Ecobank Ghana Limited	392,317	97,871
Zenith Bank Ghana Limited	82,420	6,357
Consolidated Bank Ghana	21,282	17,095
Call placement	2,100,000	-
	2,596,019	121,323

11. Financial Instruments

Analysis of changes in fair value of financial instruments

2025	Balance 1/1/2024 GH¢	Purchases/ (Sales) at cost GH¢	Accrued interest GH¢	Changes in fair value GH¢	Value 31/12/ 2025 GH¢
Gov. Notes & Bonds	6,872,834	786,507	27,282	119,517	7,806,140
C. I. S	915,072	-	-	137,666	1,052,738
	<u>7,787,906</u>	<u>786,507</u>	<u>27,282</u>	<u>2257,183</u>	<u>8,858,878</u>

2024	Balance 1/1/2023 GH¢	Purchases/ (Sales) at cost GH¢	Accrued interest GH¢	Changes in fair value GH¢	Value 31/12/2024 GH¢
Gov. Notes & Bonds	5,962,538	545,525	96,399	268,372	6,872,834
C. I. S	389,047	400,000	-	126,025	915,072
	<u>6,351,585</u>	<u>945,525</u>	<u>96,399</u>	<u>394,397</u>	<u>7,787,906</u>

12. Other Receivables	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Prepaid SMS Expenses	-	1,339
Investment Placement	307,890	212,465
	307,890	213,804

13. Members' Funds	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Opening Balance	8,025,328	6,503,366
Total Comprehensive Income	1,385,651	628,459
Movement on shares	(109,024)	636,410
Reclassification Adjustment	2,361,363	257,093
	11,663,318	8,025,328

14. Accounts Payable	2025 GH¢	2024 GH¢
Custody fees payable	7,147	5,064
Management fees payable	29,381	21,704
Directors Fee Payable	11,342	22,500
Audit fees payable	44,119	32,393
VAT on Audit fees payable	4,000	1,643
Professional Legal Fees	1,513	3,001
Professional Development	1,210	2,400
Advertising and Promotion	756	1,500
	99,468	97,705

15. Taxation

Income of approved unit trust fund or mutual fund is exempt from tax under the Income Tax Act, 2015 (Act 896) as amended.

16. Transactions through stock brokers

The fund's transactions were through SIC Brokerage Limited.

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a). Asset/Portfolio/Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparties (i.e. financial institutions and companies) in which the Fund's assets are invested will fail to discharge their obligations or commitments to the Fund, resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. The Fund's policy over credit risk is to minimize its exposure to counter parties with a perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counter parties that meet the standards set out in the SEC guidelines and the Fund's investment policy statement.

(b). Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund either does not have sufficient financial resources available to meet all its obligations and commitments as they fall due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will maintain adequate liquidity in the form of cash and very liquid instruments to meet its liabilities (including benefits) when due.

The following are contractual maturities of financial assets as at 31 December 2025.

Financial Assets	3 Months or less (GHC)	4-6 Month (GHC)	7-12 Month (GHC)	More than 12 months (GHC)
Government Notes & Bonds	6,678,879	-	-	-
Fixed Deposits	-	-	-	1,052,738
Total	6,678,879			1,052,738

The following are contractual maturities of financial Liabilities as at 31 December 2024

Financial Liabilities	3 Months or less (GHC)
Administrative Expenses Payable	99,468
Total	99,468

©. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a discount rate based upon the borrowing rate that the Directors expect would be available to the Company at the balance sheet date. The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate the respective carrying amounts. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly and
- Level 3: Techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values of the Company's investments at FVTPL and FVTOCI approximate its carrying amounts.

(d) Market risk

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. This systematic risk cannot be mitigated through diversification.

(e) Equity Price risk

Listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Fund's policy over equity price risk is to minimise its exposure to equities and only deal with equities that meets the standards set out in the SEC guidelines and the Fund's investment policy statement. Keen attention is paid to the equity market to realize capital gains on equity securities.

(f) Interest Rate risk

Interest risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market

interest rates. The investment managers advise the Trustees on the appropriate balance of the portfolio between equity, fixed-rate interest, and variable-rate interest investments. The Fund uses duration targeting as a means of mitigating the effects of the risk. The target duration is regularly reviewed by the Trust Board. For some of the bonds with issuers other than the Government of Ghana, investments are placed with a floating rate to hedge against this risk.

(g) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Fund's processes, personnel, technology, and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of Fund behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Fund's operations and are faced by all mutual Funds.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Fund's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to the administrator. This responsibility is supported by the development of the following policies and standards;

- governing rules and trust deed;
- investment policy statement;
- requirements for the reporting of non-compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards;
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

Compliance with the Fund governing rules is supported by a program of annual reviews undertaken by the external auditor. The results of these reviews are discussed with the trustees.

19.Events after the reporting period

Events subsequent to the balance sheet date are reflected in the financial statements only to the extent that they relate to the year under consideration and the effect is material. As at the end of the reporting period, there were no events after the reporting period that relate to the year under consideration.

20.Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the directors of the fund and authorized for issue on 28th April, 2026

Name: Collins Appiah

Position: Director

Position: [Signature]

Name: Augustina Gyimah

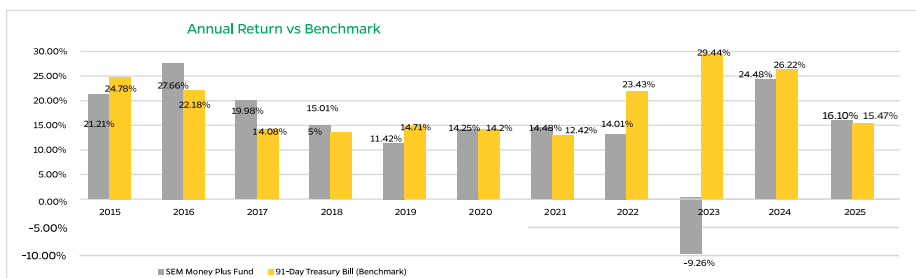
Position: Director

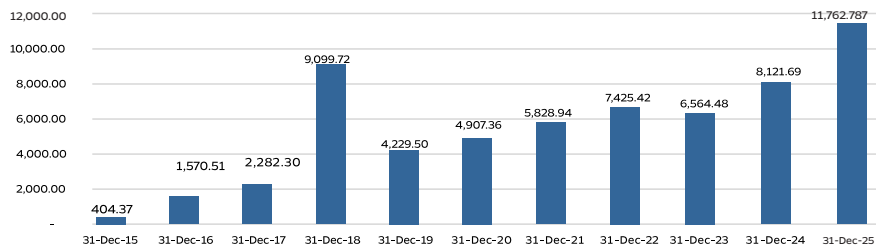
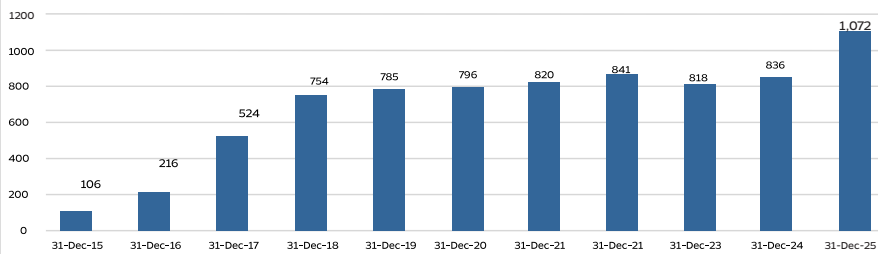
Position: [Signature]

SEM MONEY PLUS FUND HIGHLIGHTS OF FUND STATISTICS

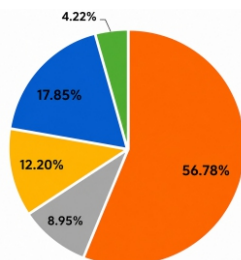
Annual Return vs Benchmark											
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
SEM Money Plus Fund	21.21%	27.66%	19.98%	15.01%	11.42%	14.25%	14.48%	14.01%	-9.26%	24.48%	16.10%
91-Day Treasury Bill (Benchmark)	24.78%	22.18%	14.08%	13.55%	14.71%	14.2%	12.81%	23.431%	29.44%	26.22%	15.47%

Fund Highlights											
	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-16	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-19	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-23	31-Dec-24	31-Dec-25
Net Asset Value GHC('000)	404.37	1,570.51	2,282.30	9,099.72	4,229.50	4,907.36	5,828.94	7,425.42	6,564.48	8,121.69	11,762.787
No. of Shareholders	106	216	524	754	785	796	820	841	818	836	1,072



Net Asset Value GH¢ ('000)**No. of Shareholders**

Portfolio Mix-Net Asset Value 2025



■ Government Bills & Bonds
 ■ Collective Investment Scheme
 ■ Bank Fixed Deposite
 ■ Call Placement
 ■ Bank & Cash

Portfolio Mix/Asset Class	
Government Bills & Bonds	6,678,878.38
Collective Investment Scheme	1,052,738.14
Bank Fixed Deposits	1,435,151.72
Call Placement	2,100,000.00
Bank & Cash	496,018.75
Total	11,762,787.00

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 10th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of SEM MONEY PLUS FUND PLC (Company Number: CS484922014) will be held VIRTUALLY via an audio-visual conferencing facility on 26th August at 10:00 GMT to transact the following business:

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive the Report of the Directors for the financial year ended 31st December, 2025.
2. To receive the Report of the Fund Manager for the financial year ended 31st December 2025.
3. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2025.
4. To appoint/re-appoint/ratify the appointment of the Auditors for the 2026 fiscal year; and to authorize the Board to fix the Auditors' remuneration for the ensuing year.
5. To consider the appointment of new Directors, if any.
6. To approve Board fees and Directors' remuneration for the year.
7. To approve the consolidation of the SEM Money Plus Sub Account into the SEM Money Plus Main Account.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

None.

NOTES

8. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a Proxy to attend and vote instead of him or her.

A Proxy need not be a member. A form of Proxy is attached hereto. For it to be valid for the purposes of the meeting, it must be completed and deposited at the Registered Office of SEM Money Fund Plc, The Octagon, Suite A205, Accra, P.O. Box CT 2069,

Cantonments, Accra, Ghana, or sent via email to masare@semcapitaladvisors.com not less than 48 hours before the appointed time of the meeting.

9. The appointment of a proxy will not prevent a member from attending and voting at the Meeting via online participation. Where a member attends the Meeting by online participation, the proxy appointment shall be deemed revoked.

10. Members participating through the audio-visual conferencing facility shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under applicable law.

11. An electronic version of the Proxy Form, the Fund's Annual Report for 2025, and the procedure for joining the Online Meeting will be sent to each Member's registered email address and can also be found on the Company's website at www.semcapitaladvisors.com.

12. Members who have not updated their email addresses with the Company may obtain the Notice of the AGM, Annual Reports and/or login details for joining the AGM by sending a signed request letter and self-attested copy of a valid ID by email to capital@semcapitaladvisors.com.

13. Members who need assistance before or during the AGM regarding joining the audio visual conferencing facility can send a request to capital@semcapitaladvisors.com or call 030 707 9256.

14. The AGM will be conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Securities Industry Act, 2016 (Act 929), the Collective Investment Schemes Regulations, 2020 (L.I. 2359), and the directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Ghana.

Dated this 3rd day of August 2026

By Order of the Board,

Nathan Tete Tei

Company Secretary

SEM Money Plus Fund Plc.

REPORT OF THE CUSTODIAN TO INVESTORS OF SEM MONEY PLUS FUND-31ST DECEMBER 2025

TREASURY DEPARTMENT



EGH SEM MONEY PLUS FUND TRANSACTION ACCOUNT 31 DEC 2025						
SEM CAPITAL						
ACCRA						
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES						
TREASURY BILLS						
SECURITY TYPE	PRINCIPAL (GHS)	PURCHASE DATE	TENOR	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	MARKET VALUE
182 DAY T BILL	1,299,868.88	24-Nov-25	182 DAYS	12.00%	23-Mar-26	1,307,883.95
364 DAY T BILL	2,099,789.76	17-Dec-25	364 DAYS	11.00%	23-Feb-26	2,136,724.88
182 DAY T BILL	499,949.69	29-Sep-25	182 DAYS	12.70%	19-Jan-26	516,909.77
182 DAY T BILL	1,399,859.34	30-Sep-25	182 DAYS	12.70%	19-Jan-26	1,446,861.98
182 DAY T BILL	999,999.94	3-Dec-25	182 DAYS	12.00%	16-Mar-26	403,157.40
182 DAY T BILL	209,995.40	9-Dec-25	182 DAYS	11.20%	23-Feb-26	208,068.40
182 DAY T BILL	199,965.37	22-Dec-25	182 DAYS	12.44%	22-Jun-26	201,425.76
364 DAY T BILL	249,974.08	17-Dec-25	364 DAYS	11.00%	23-Feb-26	254,371.11
364 DAY T BILL	199,999.13	18-Dec-25	364 DAYS	11.05%	23-Feb-26	203,475.15
TOTAL TREASURY BILLS	6,559,361.59					6,678,878.40
COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT						
	NUMBER OF SHARES			PRICE		
CRYSTAL WEALTH FUND	162,434.70			2.96		481,391.48
OMEGA INCOME FUND	133,333.33			4.29		571,346.67
TOTAL CIS						1,052,738.14
FIXED DEPOSIT						
LETSMEGO 182 DAY FD	200,000.00	24-Sep-25	182 DAYS	17.50%	25-Mar-26	209,397.26
GCB 36 DAY REPO	199,999.51	19-Nov-25	56 DAYS	16.00%	14-Jan-26	203,681.69
ZENITH 60 DAYS SECURED F	300,000.00	7-Nov-25	60 DAYS	16.00%	6-Jan-26	307,101.37
GMNI 36 DAYS REPO	199,980.00	17-Nov-25	56 DAYS	16.00%	12-Jan-26	203,837.15
FAB 60 DAYS REPO	200,000.00	24-Nov-25	60 DAYS	16.00%	23-Jan-26	203,243.84
CALL DEPOSIT PLACEMENTS						
ECOBANK CALL PLACEMENT	1,600,000.00	31-Dec-25		7.00%		1,600,000.00
ECOBANK CALL PLACEMENT	200,000.00	31-Dec-25		7.00%		200,000.00
ECOBANK CALL PLACEMENT	300,000.00	31-Dec-25		7.00%		300,000.00
TOTAL						3,227,261.31
RECEIVABLES						
REPUBLIC 60 DAYS REPO	300,000.00	28-Oct-25	REPUBLIC 60	16.00%	27-Dec-25	307,890.41
TOTAL PORTFOLIO BALANCE						11,266,768.26
CASH BALANCE						
EGH MASTER ACCOUNT						194,651.81
EGH TRANSACTION ACCOUNT						
EGH TRANSACTION SLB ACCOUNT						116,901.23
EGH REDEMPTION ACCOUNT						48,963.48
TOTAL CASH BALANCE						360,516.52
TOTAL PORTFOLIO VALUE						11,627,284.78

Nana Oye Ofei-Kwapong
Custody Services

Carl Hammond
Custody Services

Ecobank Ghana PLC

Address: No.2 Morocco Lane, Off Independence Avenue, Ministerial Area. P.M.B., G.P.O. Accra, Ghana

Telephone: +233 (0) 3032810400/

Fax: +233(0) 302680866 Email: ecobank@ecobank.com

web: www.ecobank.com

Directors: Bishop Henry Dodo-Atsoo (Interim Chairman), Abena Osei-Poku (Mrs.) (Managing Director),
Patience Akyianu (Mrs.), Lucy Alando (Mrs.), Mr. Henry Ampong, Dr. Ohene Aku Kwapong, Mr. Tara Quire

FORM OF PROXY FOR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Annual General Meeting of SEM Money Plus Fund Plc to be held on Wednesday, 26th August 2026 at 10:00 GMT via audio visual conferencing facility.

I / We of....., being a Shareholder(s) hereby appoint the Chairperson of the Annual General Meeting or..... of..... as my/our proxy to vote on my/our behalf in respect of all matters and resolutions to be submitted for consideration and approval at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held VIRTUALLY via an audio visual conferencing facility on Wednesday, 26th August 2026 at 10:00 GMT and at any adjournment thereof, and in the event of a poll, to vote for me/us as indicated below, or if no such indication is given, as my/our proxy thinks fit.

	RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
1.	To receive the Report of the Directors for the financial year ended 31st December 2025.			
2.	To receive the Report of the Fund Manager for the financial year ended 31st December 2025.			
3.	3. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2025.			
4.	To appoint/re-appoint/ratify the appointment of the Auditors for the 2026 fiscal year; and to authorize the Board to fix the Auditors' remuneration for the ensuing year.			
5.	To consider the appointment of new Directors, if any.			
6.	To approve Board fees and Directors' remuneration for the year.			
7.	To approve the consolidation of the SEM Money Plus Sub-Account into the SEM Money Plus Main Account.			

Dated:, 2026

1. If any proxy other than the Chairperson of the Annual General Meeting is preferred, strike out the words "the Chairperson of the Annual General Meeting or" and insert the name and address of the proxy desired in the space provided. A shareholder may appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. Any alteration made to this form of proxy must be initialed by the person(s) who sign(s) it.

2. IMPORTANT: If you wish to vote for a particular resolution, tick the appropriate box marked

PROXY FORM

“for”. If you wish to vote against a particular resolution, tick the appropriate box marked “against”. If you wish to abstain from voting on a particular resolution, tick the appropriate box marked “abstain”.

This form of proxy must be signed by you or your attorney duly authorised in writing or, in the case if the appointer is a corporation, must be either under seal or executed under the hand of an officer or attorney or other person duly authorised to sign the same.

NOTE

1. A proxy need not be a Shareholder of the Fund.
2. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote at his/her discretion
3. To be valid, this form must be signed and sent via email to masare@semcapitaladvisors.com not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the commencement of the meeting.
4. In the case of joint holders, the signature of only one of the joint holders is required.
5. In the case of a body corporate, the form must be under seal or under the hand of a duly authorised officer.
6. The completion of and return of a proxy form does not prevent a Shareholder from attending the meeting and vote thereat.

